Progress of the Campaign as Viewed by Star Correspondents in Many States.

Earnest Work of the Anti-Silver Forces to Counteract the Activity of Their Opponents.

ALABAMA'S MANY CONVENTIONS. Still Another, That of the Gold Men to Be Held.

Special Disputch to The Evening Star. MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 24.-This is Montgomery's year for political conventions. Besides the county conventions held in this city, and they have been many, Montgomery has already witnessed four state conventions and another is slated for the 27th, when the sound money democrats will meet here for the purpose of electing twenty-two delegates to represent Alabama in the convention to be held in Indianapolis September 2.

There has been a considerable defection from the democratic party in this state on the score of the platform adopted at Chi-cago, and the republican party will be the winner eventually. The sound money demwinner eventually. The sound money dem-ocrats who have gone off in the new move-ment are not yet ready to declare their allegiance to the republican party, but the rupture between the sound money seceders and the free coinage men is one which from the very nature of things, will be permanent. They will hardly make an effort to return to the democratic party with the silver leaders firmly intrenched in the sad-dle, and the chances are that they will contribute to making the republican party a much more respectable organization in Alabama than it has ever been since the war. While the number of seceders who have joined the new ticket movement is not so large as some of the moving spirits claim, it is remarkable for the high character of some of the men who are in it. In fact, they are all good men-solid, substantial citizens, and several of them have been prominent as democratic leaders in

They are very much in earnest in this movement, and though four years ago the same men severely condemned the bolt of Kolb and his followers, they are more determined in this bolt than Kolb was, and they are more determined in this bolt than Kolb was, and they are saying equally as severe things about their old party as Kolb and his followers said in 1892, and every day the gulf which lies between the national democrats and the organized democrats grows wider and the possibility of bridging it grows

The convention which will meet here on the 27th will be a strong body, and the del-egation which will be sent to Indianapolis will be as able as any delegation which has ever represented this state in a nationa political convention.

One of the matters which will be decid-One of the matters which will be decided by the state convention is the question of nominating sound money candidates for Congress, and as the republicans and the national democrats agree upon the financial question, it is more than likely that an agreement will be reached by which there will be co-operation between these parties whereby the strongest faction in each district will name the candidate and the other trict will name the candidate and the other faction will join in the effort to elect him. What the result will be it is hard to say.

The organized democratic candidates will all be silver men, as will be the populist candidates, and if the silver vote is thus divided, the chances of sound money success will be greatly enhanced.

CHANGING TO MCKINLEY.

New Jersey Gold Democrats Will Aid the Opposition.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. CAPE MAY, N. J., August 24, 1896. The tide in New Jersey is turning toward McKinley at a rapid rate. The sound money democrats' call for a convention for next Thursday to elect delegates to Indianapolis has made the state almost sure for McKinley and Hobart. The regular democratic state committee at its recent meeting, when it indorsed Bryan, had but half its membership present, and by a vote of 10 to 4 recorded its action. No democratic candidates for Congress have been named, while Congressmen Loudenslager and Pitney have been accorded re-

The republican state convention to name electors meets on the same day as that of the gold democrats. Governor Griggs will preside, and it will be a large-sized mass meeting, in fact. There will be no contest on electors, as the leaders have fixed who they shall be, and the delegates can do nething but vote "aye." United States Senator Smith is expected

United States Senator Smith is expected to return from Europe shortly to look after his chances of securing the seven state senators who will be elected in November, and who will vote for his successor.

MR. SEWALL'S STATE.

The Republican Majority Will Be Cut Down.

Correspondence of The Evening Star.

nominations.

LEWISTON, Me., August 21, 1896. There is no doubt that the announcement that Bryan was not coming to Maine was a disappointment to the democrats. But they have now plucked up courage again and say that they will conduct a vigorous campaign. They are circulating large quantities of silver literature and have begun to assign speakers. At Bath, the home of Arthur Sewall, the vice presidential candidate, there does not seem to be much enthuslasm. Postmaster Ernest F. Kelly, who is a democrat, but a gold man, and opposed to Mr. Sewall, says there are many prominent democrats who will not vote a democratic national ticket. He says some of these men are prominently connected with Mr. Sewall in business, and will not oppose im openly for that reason, but that fluence is against him just the same.

the Bath custom house, and who is one of Mr. Sewall's trusted lieutenants, says to The Star correspondent:

"From the reports which reach me from

many parts of the state I am satisfied that the September election will show a very material gain over our vote of two years ago and cut the republican majority to about 10,000. These gains will come from the rural districts largely, but there are many workingmen who will support the free silver movement-workingmen have heretofore acted with the republicans

Can't Carry Bath.

"Bath is so overwhelmingly republican that the fact of Mr. Sewall having been nominated here will make no material change in the vote. Two prominent republicans have begun working for Bryan and Sewall, and several artisans have notified me that they should stand in the democratic ranks this fall. I should say that our gains would amount to about seventy-five in this city; any talk that we can carry Bath is absurd. But the men we are gain ing are men who are not to be purchased; they think for themselves; they will stay with us. In Portland and the other cities our gains will be comparatively small. Our chief gains will be made in the eastern section of the state." State Liquor Agent William Wakefield of

Bath is generally recognized as one of the best informed republican politicians in Maine. He says that Mr. Sewall's own ward, city and county will vote against him two to one. Mr. Wakefield thinks it is wrong to underestimate the silver strength in Maine, and thinks the republi-can plurality will be largely cut down from two years ago, when it was over thirty thousand. He says the republicans will carry the state from 12,000 to 15,000 plurality; that the republicans have never made such an active canvass in Maine as will be conducted during this campaign, and that between now and election day nearly 1,200 speeches will be made by republican orators. Gold literature is being circulated from Augusta, and it is the intention of Chairman Manley of the state committee to reach every voter in the state.

Mr. Sewall's Reserve.

It is amusing to notice what a change has come over Mr. Sewall in regard to his intercourse with Bath people. He has been regarded as a cold, distant man, and not nclined to recognize people outside of a favored few. Now, when he walks the streets, he is bowing and smiling to all whom he meets. It is said that at a recep-tior lately held in Bath a workman who has been a foreman in Mr. Sewall's shipyard stepped up to shake hands with Mr. Sew-all, and the latter said: "What is your name? I do not seem to recognize you." "Well, you ought to, Mr. Sewall," replied the Lian. "I have been weether." the Lian. "I have been your boss calker for years. Mr. Sewall will probably use a little more

diplomacy in the future. Fair to His Men.

The story is circulated that a number of workmen employed by Mr. Sewall have been discharged because during the late heated term they refused to work with the thermometer standing at 103. This story, like the one which is extensively circulated hat the cut-down of 10 per cent on the Maine Central railroad was due to the in-fluence of Mr. Sewall, should be taken with a grain of sait. As a matter of fact, Mr. Sewall's friends say that in his business he not only has paid good wages, but has never had any trouble with his men, ex-cept in one instance, when he would not listen to the demands of some skilled English workmen, who wished him to boycott Bath workingmen. In this instance, it is said, the Englishmen were discharged, and the job in question was finished by the Yankee laborers.

L. C. Bateman, the populist candidate for governor, is continuing his bitter attacks upon Mr. Sewall, and has just written a letter which represents Mr. Sewall as a millionaire, national bank president, and a plutecrat of plutocrats. This letter is to be read at a great meeting of populists to be held in Texas September 9.

NO FUSION IN TEXAS

Populist Overatures Hooted and Rejected With Scorn.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. FORT WORTH, Tex., August 19, 1896. The democratic state convention, which adjourned here today, proved bare of excitement of any kind. Those present seemed to be of one mind in most everything, and, as Congressman Bailey put it, "this was no time for internal dissensions among them; after they had won their victory then they could give vent to their personal the various parties are suspicious of one animosities." Some one insinuated that another. The democrats are intimating Mr. Bailey did not favor Mr. Bryan, and that the populists are susceptible to the inhe (Bailey) replied that he would stump for the ticket, and gave the above quotation as

The platform adopted by the convention in the préamble arraigned the populists for making false statements against the administration in their platform in claiming that the state bonds were vended to favor-ite brokers, and that the state was running under a greater expense than it has in years. The Chicago nominees were in-dorsed, as was the national platform. The state administration was lauded for its general efficiency.

Honor to Reagan.

Culberson and the rest of his cabinet were renominated by acclamation. The young governor, in accepting the nomination, referred with special pride to his work in suppressing prize fighting in Texas, and "thus saving untarnished the fair name of the most glorious state in the Union." Ex-Senator Reagan, in accepting the

nomination for a place on the railroad commission, really wept while he thanked the convention for the honor they bestowed upon him. He said he had resigned from the Senate because the people thought they needed him on the railroad commission. He declared that if the people had de-manded his return home to serve as justice of the peace he would have bowed to their

The speech of the convention was the E. C. Plummer, who holds a position in one by Mr. Bailey. Although he pledged

tobaccos is "Just as

good as Durham."

Every old smoker

Blackwell's

BULL DURHAM

Smoking Tobacco

You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two cou-

pons inside each four ounce

bag of Blackwell's Durham.
Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the compon—which gives a list

to get them.

valuable presents and how

knows there is none just

his affiliation to the Chicago platform and ticket, he never once mentioned the names of Bryan and Sewall Bailey is sure of

re-election, and is enjoying quite a sena-torial boom.

The populist state committee, in order to test the good will of the democrats, sub-mitted a proposition to divide the electoral mitted a proposition to divide the electoral college, the democrats to get eight representatives and the populists seven. When the proposition was read it was hooted on all sides, and State Treasurer Wortham moved to refer it to the insane asylum. A motion prevailed to reject the proposition, and the executive committee was instructed to draft a letter of declination.

Populists Enraged. The contemptuous manner of the reject tion has, of course, aroused the ire of the populists, who claim that the "Bourbon democracy," bent only on retaining the state offices, is willing to risk the chances of the national candidate in Texas rather than to concede any virtue to the populists And right here let me make a predic

tion. The sound money democrats (whose convention assembles at Waco Tuesday), the republicans and the populists will fuse so as to throw the state offices to the latter and divide the electoral ticket between the two latter. And if the fusion is suc-cessfully carried out Bryan's chances in Texas are mighty slim, and the democrac can thank themselves for the calamity. One of the striking features of the dem cratic convention was the number of law-yers present and the absence of farmers. Col. Sterrett of the Galveston-Dallas News calms that he only saw four farmers dur-ing the two days' session of the conven-tion. In fact, Col. Sterrett is a very much disgusted man. He has been away from Texas for eight years, in Washington, in charge of the news bureau there, and he says since his home coming he has met with many painful surprises. He is dolerful concerning the absence of old party leaders from the party councils, and says the state is being run by a ring, which vulture-like, devours all it can. The col onel, in a broken-hearted way, writes dole ful letters to his papers concerning the state, and it must be said that since his arrival here he stirred up the administra-tion considerably, and keeps the leaders pretty busy denying allegations which he

FUSION IN MICHIGAN.

And It is to Be a Poor Man's Can paign.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., August 21, 1896.

The democratic state convention in Bay City will be like the national convention in Chicago, in that it will be made up almost entirely of men who have never before been seen in the councils of the party. The old-line democrats have been turned down all along the line, and in their places have been elected men who have never been prominent in guiding the destinies of the democracy or liberal in contributing to its support. The convention will be largely made up of that wing of the democracy which came from the old greenback party. It will be a free silver convention from start to finish, and it will indorse the Chicago platform and the Chicago ticket without qualification.

and prohibitionists will meet in conven-tion at the same time also in Bay City. The three conventions will be held in separate halls, but there will be a thorough understanding among them, and it is hoped and expected that the action taken will be in the line of a harmonious combination in the cause of free silver. The free silver men will be easy to manage in arranging the details of the combine. They have never had a chance to show their strength, and are an unknown quantity in politics, and not in a position to make heavy demands, even if so disposed. Anything that may seem reasonable will be accepted by them without question.

Populists Demand Fair Play.

But with the populists it will be different. The populists have been in the field several years, and two years ago polled 30,000 votes. They demand an equal show with the democracy in the division of the spoils of office or they will not play. They have it is their purpose to dictate the nomina-tion. Justin R. Whiting has been promi-nently mentioned as the choice of the de-mocracy, but this choice is not entirely satisfactory to the populists, and Charles R. cause, is suggested. The other places on the ticket will be divided, and the populists will demand as many of the good things as any other element in the political syndicate gets. The presidential electors will probably be divided equally between the populists and democrats. The populists demand half of them, that they may vote for Watson for Vice President.

A name for the combine will be one of the bones of contention. The populists will not consent to a total obliteration as an organization, and if the democrats want their party name at the head of the ticket. the populists will insist upon having their name also inserted in some way. It has been proposed to make it the 'Union Silver Ticket.' This might harmonize the differ-ent elements, but is open to the objection that it would leave the field open for an independent ticket which would adopt the name of democratic, and appeal to the old-

time farmer democrats for support. Lack of Money.

There is no certainty that the union of forces will go through the campaign with to vote for McKinley or not, however. In any degree of harmony. The leaders of fluence of republican money, and the populists aver that the democrats are inspired by purely selfish purposes. The democrats very little money to spend, as most of their moneyed men have bolted the Chicago ticket. The populists never did have any money, and the free silver men cannot raise much. It will be a poor man's cam-paign. The republicans will have ample means at their command, and the sound money democrats will act with the repub-

The sound money democrats will meet in mass convention in Lansing Wednesday and nominate an electoral ticket, elect delegates to the Indianapolis convention and adopt a platform which will declare their financial views beyond question. If the Bay City ticket is not "respectable," from the sound money point of view, a state ticket will be named as well. The sound money men do not hope to elect anything, but their purpose is to afford an escape for the sound money democrats on election day.

The silver sentiment in the state is still

strong, but it is perceptibly waning in some quarters, and reports from other sections are to the effect that it has passed highwater mark and is going down. The financial question is the only topic discussed at farmers' picnics, which are now ripe, and will be the leading topic at the county and strong, but it is perceptibly waning in some will be the leading topic at the county and

PREPARING FOR THE CAMPAIGN. Democrats at Baltimore Eagerly Awaiting Bryan.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star, BALTIMORE, Md., August 24, 1896. Chairman Talbott of the democratic state committee has engaged the suite of rooms numbered 114 at the Carrollton and will be ready for business September 3. Chairman Rusk of the city committee will have charge of the old headquarters, No. 222 East Baltimore street. The new registration of voters was a subject of considerable discussion at Wednesday's committee meeting and every effort will be exerted to get the complete party vote on the books. Great difficulty will be encountered in carrying out this determination, but it is the intention of the committee to meet from time to time during the campaign to keep thoroughly posted on the progress of the registration.

Chairman Rusk insists that nobody shall be retained as a democratic judge of elec-tions who is not a supporter of the Chicago platform and nominees, and a number of the democratic appointees whose loyalty to Bryan and Sewall is suspected are likely to be rejected. Mr. Rusk contends that the democratic officials, being the duly accredited custodians of Candidate Bryan's interests, should be entirely in accord with the decision of the Chicago convention, and it is thought that the supervisors will suspense to have a walkover, and his friends were disposed to claim everything. Capt. John it is thought that the supervisors will suspense to a vote. it is thought that the supervisors will sus-

The appearance of Mr. Bryan in Baltimore on September 15 is being eagerly awaited by democrats of all grades, and by republicans as well, for there is a general desire to see the man who achieved a presidential nomination in such a sensational manner. The regular organization will undertake to make the meeting the believe undertake to make the meeting the biggest political gathering ever held in Baltimore, and the widespread curiosity to see Bryan

state is still being debated, but the quesstate is still being departed, but the ques-tion is not achieving widespread popular interest. It is thought that such a ticket will find few followers, and the regular democrats declare themselves as being eager to see the experiment tried, as they have no fear of the result. The republicans will welcome a third ticket, for they are beginning to realize, and often to admit, that "McKinley democrats" are few and far between in Maryland; but they hope that this sound money democratic move-ment may be well supported by the anti-Bryan voters. In order to test the senti-ment of the gold standard democrats, a Rennert Assembly rooms to decide whether or not it is desirable to put up an electoral ticket. Sixteen delegates will be sent to the Indianapolis convention from Maryand, elected at next Thursday's meeting, among whom will be ex-Gov. Wm. Pinkney Whyte, ex-Congressman Isidor Rayner, President of the Senate Wm. Cabell Bruce, Mr. Daniel Miller, president of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, and others of prominence. These gentlemen say that they will push the sound money campaign with vigor, and will do all in their power to persuade democrats to vote against Bryan and Sewall or to ab-stain from voting. The prominence and influence of the gentlemen at the head of the

ant factor in the campaign. As the situation now stands, the republi-cans are enthusiastic and aggressive, the democrats confident and hopeful, and the outlook very much mixed. To an impartial observer, however, the republicans seem to possess all the advantages, and it is hard to see how they can be prevented from carrying the state for McKinley.

Speaker Mudd Confident of Election. Speaker Sidney E. Mudd of Charles county, republican nominee for Congress n the fifth district, when in town today, said regarding the situation in his section of the state:

"I have every confidence of election; not that the nomination is essentially equiva-lent to an election, or that we can sit down and wait for victory to come our way, but with the thorough explanation and discus-sion of the main issue which we expect to give in a vigorous campaign, we will have a decided majority at the polls. The campaign will be waged aggressively on the financial question. There is, to a large extent, in the rural sections an impression that the success of republicanism means radical change in the currency; in fact, that we will be limited to the actual and exclusive use of gold as circulating meexclusive use of gold as circulating medium. There is practically no defection among republicans, and I have every reason to believe that for every one that we may lose we will gain at least two on the financial issue. I believe the silver wave has reached its highest height, and is beginning to recede, and you can safely put the fifth district and the state in the republican column. To this result, an abso-lutely fair election, which we have scarcely ever had heretofore, but which republican legislation has recently provided for, will largely contribute."

THE EASTERN SHORE. Excitement Runs High and Silver Men Are Hopeful. Correspondence of The Evening Star.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., August 22, 1896. "The eastern shore is wild for free silver." So said a business man of Cambridge today, and so says everybody hereabouts. The eastern shore comprises the first congressional district of Maryland, and includes the countles, of Worcester, Somerset, Wicomico, Dorchester, Talbot, Queen Anne's, Caroline and Kent. It has always been considered a democratic stronghold. although two years ago it was carried by the republicans.

"Yes, we expect to carry the district by a good majority," said E. C. Harrington, a Cambridge democrat, today. "We nomi-nated J. W. Miles of Princess Anne at Ocean City Thursday, the Chicago plat-form being ratified without a dissenting form being ratified without a dissenting voice, which was more than had been expected. Mr. Miles always has been, and still is, a gold man, but he pledged himself yesterday to stand by the Chicago principles and use his influence in favor of silver if elected." Mr. Harrington said further that Cambridge tiself would doubtless er that Cambridge Itself would doubtless from the party lines. He admitted that a

ter National Bank of Cambridge, although a believer in the gold standard, has announced his intention of voting the demo-cratic ticket nevertheless. "I am out of politics now," he said, "and do not wish to be quoted further than the mere statement that I will support Bryan and Sewall."

On the Other Side.

William F. Drain, Dr. James L. Bryan, school commissioner, and William H. Barton, president of the National Bank of Cambridge, have all stated that they will not vote the Chicago ticket this fall. Mr. Barton said that he had not decided whether case a gold democrat was put in the field he would support him. "I am by no means sure that the silver forces will carry the district," said Mr. Barton. "The republicans, I believe, have a fair chance of win-ning. It will depend on whether the democrats can raise sufficient campaign funds or not, whether they fall or succeed. They have lost the support of a considerable number of well-to-do men who have been in the habit of bearing the major part of the campaign expenses. On the other hand, the republicans will be as well fixed as usual, and Dr. Barber of Easton, their

nominee for Congress, has considerable means of his own."

The sentiment of the gold democrats on the eastern shore seems to be decidedly in favor of a sound money democrat in the favor of a sound money democrat in the presidential field. Otherwise they will simply refrain from voting, as it is claimed that McKinley and McKinleyism are so obnoxious to them that they will not vote under the republican banner. On the other side it may be said that the deserters from the republican ranks are expected generally to vote for Bryan.

Proselyting for Silver.

One of Maryland's most influential democrats of former days, who did not wish his name used, since he has retired from public life, said, in discussing the situation, that there was no doubt but what a large amount of silver literature had been secretly circulated among the farmers of the eastern shore during the last two years, and political excitement was running high. "I think the registration and the voting will reach their high-water mark this year. Usually the vote on national elections falls off between 10 and 20 per cent from the vote in the state elections, but this year I do not think such will be the case." The republicans talk hopefully, of course, but outside the leaders in their ranks nobody seems to think, they have more than a slender fighting change. The experienced democrats, however, are not beasting, and freely admit the great uncertainty in the issue. If the republicans wage a vigorous

morrow the democrats would certainly sweep the eastern shore. A. H. W. A VIRGINIA FIGHT.

warfare, nobody can prophesy how much they may turn back the tide of the silver

craze. But if an election were held to

The Bitter Contest Between Taxewell Ellett and Capt. Lamb.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. RICHMOND, Va., August 24.-Not only the democrats here, but republicans as well as populists, are all wide awake for pointers both in the congressional and presidential races. Col. Tazewell Ellett, Congressman from this district, has been more to have a walkover, and his friends were sweeping Henrico county almost to a vote, and when it was announced that the Henrico candidate had secured 33 delegates out of the 101 to which Richmond city is en-titled, the Ellett men commenced to claim special strength in Manchester. They beasted that at least 10 out of the 13 delegates would be for the Congressman; but when the entire delegation was announced for Capt. Lamb, the fight grew very interesting. The friends of both men are now working hard to secure the big-

renders it highly probable that they will succeed.

Lull on the Republican Side.

On the republican side matters are under-On the republican side matters are undergoing a temporary hill. The new head-quarters were opened a few days ago, and everything is in readiness for the opening of an aggressive campaign.

The advisability of putting a "sound money" democratic electoral ticket in the gates out of the 187 in the district. The contest has developed a great deal of percentage in the district. The contest has developed a great deal of percentage in the district. The contest has developed a great deal of per-sonal feeling, and in joint debate both candidates have indulged in some very pointed personalities. Men have been canvassing Hanover and Chesterfield both during the lest two days, and the most intense rivalry between the two candidates prevails.

GOLD MAKING HEADWAY.

Virginia Democrats Changing Their Minds.

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. RICHMOND, Va., August 24, 1898. Much to the surprise and disappointment of the free silverites here, the forces of the sound money reople are rapidly growing, they have assumed formidable strength. Ever since the large and representative gathering of sound money people at the Young Men's Christian Association last Tuesday night, and the organization of that body, the advocates of free silver here have opened their eyes. At the mecting Tuesday night, there were about 700 well-known citizens present, and among them were many of the representative buslness men of the city. The president of the Sound Money League elected at the meet-ing is a man of fine judgment and an able isiness man, being superintendent of th Tredegar Company. As chairman of the state organization committee William Wirt Henry was chosen. He is a grandson of Patrick Henry, the world-renowned pa-triot, and is one of the ablest lawyers in the state. Mr. Henry, together with his son-in-law, James Lyons, announced soon after the adoption of the Chicago platform that he would not support the ticket, although he had for many years been a stanch and faithful democrat. The Sound Money League has commenced work in a purely business way. The organization has opened headquarters in a centrally located building in the business part of the city. and will make every effort to spread sound money literature broadcast across the land. Already representatives of the organization have been sent to New York and other cities to secure suitable speakers for the campaign in Richmond particularly and at various points throughout the state. Some of the leading speakers in the country will

Cockran Criticised. There was on foot an effort to get Bourke Cockran to come down and deliver an address, and it was about settled that the famous New York orator would come at a date suitable to the sound money leaders here; but at the eleventh hour the "professional farmer and southern slave holder" paragraph in the well-known orator's Madison Square speech was taken up here and used as political material against the sound money people and that cause at large. There is no doubt that there is a Mr. Cockran for this part of his speech, and it is feared if he should come here there would be violent opposition thrown in the way of the meeting.

The sound money people here are in a position to command large sums of money for the campaign, and they are working hard to get their views and plans before the people at large. Not less than half a the people at large. Not less than half a dezen sound money clubs have been organized in this city. Some of these are made up largely of the operatives in the Chesapeake and Ohio railway shops and other large industrial plants. It is an open secret that not only the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Southern railway, which is controlled by Pierpont Morgan, the negotiator of the \$250,000,000 of bonds sold by the Cleveland administration, are working the Cleveland administration, are working hard for the sound money movement, but it is evident that most of the other transportation lines and large manufacturing concerns are either directly or indirectly favoring the movement. The consequence is that men have been sent out from Rich-mond to organize sound money clubs in various parts of the state, and the move-ment, which at first seemed weak and un-important has ground to foreign the state. important, has grown to formidable pro-

George D. Wise Again

In this district it is almost settled that a sound money man will be brought out for Congress, The advocates of the yellow metal are only holding off a short while until the contest between Ellett and Lamb is over, and then it is certain that they go republican, as always. He said that he did not anticipate much breaking away Mr. George Wise is the most prominent number of people in each party would not vote at all.

Ex-Gov. Lloyd, president of the Dorchester National Bank of Cambridge eliberts.

Ex-Gov. Lloyd, president of the Dorchester National Bank of Cambridge eliberts. will command a large number of votes from the republican party. Indeed, it is likely that the republicans, instead of putting up a candidate, will support the sound money democrat, and there will be, in reality, if not in name, a sort of fusion for the time between the sound money demo-crats and the republicans of the district. At state republican headquarters here it cannot be learned whether or not they will put up a candidate. They are waiting to see what the democrats will do. On the other hand, it is not unlikely that the populists will drop out of the contest this time so far as their having a candidate is concerned, and will probably support the free silver democratic candidate.

REACTION IN GEORGIA.

Conditions That Favor the Populistic

Campaign. Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. SAVANNAH, August 22, 1896. The political situation is becoming more and more perplexing each day. Of one

thing the dear reading public may be absolutely certain-the unscrupulous newspaper men in certain parts of the state are grossly deceiving them. Mark me, there is going to be a revolution in Georgia politics. The democratic party is hopelessly divided in many counties. Populis:n is increasing, public sentiment is in action against machine politics; in fact, the people have determined to take a hand in the approaching elections. The wheels of commerce of the state have been clogged by the spoils system that now obtains. Thousands of natives are unemployed, the result of high taxes and financial depression, which might have been relieved, it is ly and courageously done their duty. There are thousands of acres of land on which not as much as a fennel weed-planted by one of nature's noblemen—can be seen. Turpentine and naval stores men are about to close up shop. The other day it was necessary for them to get together and agree not to cut any boxes in 1897. This is poor information to the laboring men, but that is not all; next year they will be compelled to work for 1 cent a box, where they formerly received 1 3-4. Throughout Georgia the politicians—and the democrats are in power, it will be borne in mind-have conceived the idea of inducing the men of the interior to immigrate. Arriving in the city they bind themselves to the most powerful politicians' organizations, securing, speedly, employment which properly beings the city fells. erly belongs to the city folks.

Democratic Degeneracy. There are but few sincere men put in

nomination for office these days. Ability, cenesty and an expressed desire to legislate for the people are no longer regarded as essentially necessary qualifications for office; at any rate, they are but infrequently possessed and expressed. For that reason, if for no other, the populists have the better of the campaign now on. All their candidates are, indeed, most favor-ably known-known for honor, integrity, for the love of truth, and justice, and right, and, above and beyond all that even, for their patriotism and deep concern for the boys and girls and morals of their grand old state. This is not said in any spirit of disrespect to thousands of good democrats in Georgia. Nor is it meant to apply personally to any of the gentlemen who are candidates on the state ticket. It is inspired by a sense of truth and right. The intention is to give, as best your correspondent can, the exact status of affairs political in this state, reserving the right to give to the populists that jus-tice which has hitherto been either refused or conspicuous by its absence. The demo-crats are not carrying on their campaign on that high plane which commands respect, and this, you know, often subse spect, and this, you know, often subsequently grows into true, warm, unfeigned and inseparable friendship, which in this instance will fall to the lot of the populists. Gov. Atkinson spoke in Savannah Tuesday night. Despite the rain storm of a few hours previous he had an audience of

GAIL BORDEN EAGLE Brand CONDENSED MILK. Has No Equal SOLD EVERYWHERE

probably 500 people. He may have made a few friends, but undoubtedly he made Oratorical Tacties.

Most assiduously did he evade state issues. He spoke solely of 16 to 1 and handled his subject well, but his play to the feelings of his audience did not enthuse or fire them as it might have done twenty years ago. In Georgia at least the war is over. The negro is no longer a slave, which he should never have been. Men are measured by their ability, not, thank God, by their ancestries, and must stand on their record and ability. Therefore, when Gov. Atkinson undertook to ridicule Mr. Wright, saying, "He was born at sea; he is a sea freak, and he has not only been at sea all his life, but he has been in every political party to which faratics and demagogues have given birth." This is a specimen of the words of eloquence generally indulged in by democratic orators. The governor was disappointed at the lack of enthusiasm within democratic lines, owing to the un-derlying influence of A. P. A.ism in the Bryan-Sewall Club. He saw, doubtless, but few of the old wheel horses of democracy of former years, and he probably now believes, as has been stated, the democratic nominees will get the cold shoulder in this section of the state. A gold club is being organized, and prominent among its lead-ers are men of commercial standing and business influence, and professional men, all of whom have declared that they will not support the democratic tickets. It has already a membership of 1,200.

Campaign Possibilities.

In north Georgia the campaign is waxing warmer. The democrats industriously circulated the report that Ben. Tillman called on Watson at his home in Thompson, Ga., to endeavor to get him to come out of the race for Vice President. This report is absolutely untrue. Tillman is not only an admirer of Watson, but would most assuredly have been in his party before now if it had been a national anti-borrow organization. In Georgia Tillman will speak for Watson and Bryan. This is no idle talk. It is of-ficial, and will be a stinging blow to the democratic party in Georgia. Tillman does not fear any of the stump speakers of this state, a canvass of which will positively convince one of the absence of bitter an-tagonism and hatred alleged to exist against Tillman. Pat Walsh is going to has much influence, but is not in touch with the kind of democracy of which Sa-vannah and other large cities have grown tired. Hoke Smith will take the stump in Georgia. His letter of a few days since will infuse the democrats. The decision of the eloquent Tom Cobb, a tried and true democrat, who tired of the men and the policy of his party, to buckle on his armor and work for Bryan and Watson and the populistic state ticket, is an indication of the spirit of perpetual unrest and uncertainty in which Georgia and Georgians are to be found.

In Congressional Districts.

The defeat of Sam Moses by W. C. Adamson for Congress in the twenty-second district is an evidence that the people are aroused and indignant. Moses has been in Congress several times. He was not a great man, however, though immensely popular in his section. Governor Atkinson desired to succeed Moses in 1889, and was pretty certain that Moses would retire in his favor, therefore he and his friends worked unsuccessfully for him. The governor was, according to the program, to have been a candidate for the inited States Senate in 1890. He knew that if Miller, the foremost opponent of Moses, was elected to Congress he would not decline to run again in 1898. Adamson was placed in the field by the people and elected, Corveta, Atkinson's own county, goed, Corveta, Atkinson's own county, going for him. Livingston is to have opposition. A pepulist will oppose him. He
narrowly escaped defeat two years ago.
Brantley, in H. G. Turner's district, and
Fleming, nominated to succeed Major J.
C. C. Black, the old opponent of Tom Watson, are not as sanguine of success as they
were a month ago. It will take more than
the influence of Welsh and Smith and the influence of Walsh and Smith and Howell and the eloquence of Du Bignon and Clay to save from defeat in Georgia this year the democratic party of intoler-ance, spoils and political chicanery, for which so much has been discovered done to thwart the will of the people.

T. F. M. which so much has been unsuccessfully

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, &c Today.

Thos. Dowling, Auct., 612 E st. n.w.-Trustees'

sale of improved property, No. 1312 11th st. s.e., on Monday, August 24, at 5 o'clock p.m. Samuel H. Walker and Michael I. Weller, trustees Thos. Dowling, Auct., 612 E st. n.w.-Trustees sale of improved property, No. 1314 11th st. n.w., on Monday, August 24, at 5 o'clock p.m. James P. Ryon and Burr R. Tracy, trustees. Tomorrow.

8. Bensinger, Auct., 940 La. ave. n.w. Peremp tory sale of horses and carriages, on Tuesday, Aurust 25, at 10 o'clock. Ratcliffe, Sutton & Co., Aucts., 920 Pa. ave. n.w. -Trustees' sele of a valuable building lot on Morgan st. n.w., on Tuesday, August 25, at 4:30 p.m. John W. Schaefer and Eugene Carusi, trustees.

> AUCTION SALES. FUTURE DAYS.

RATCLIFFE, SUTTON & CO., AUCTIONEERS,

Another Consign= ment of 100 Fa= mous Lovell Dia= mond Bicycles to be sold by public auction within our sales rooms, 920 Penn= sylvania avenue northwest, without reserve or limit. on Thursday morning, August 27, at 10 o'clock.

Now on exhibition. These Wheels Have a Reputation.

RATCLIFFE, SUTTON & CO., au24-d&dbs Auctioneers. THOMAS DOWLING & CO., AUCTIONEERS. 612 E st. B.W.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF FIXTURES OF BARBER SHOP, LOCATED AT 943 D STREET NORTH-WEST. SHOP, LOCATED AT 943 D STREET NORTH-WEST.

By virtue of a deed of trust recorded in Liber No. 2072, at folio 251 et seq., one of the land records for the District of Columbia, and at the request of the holder of the note secured thereby, we will sell, at public auction, on the premises, on the THIRD DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1896, AT TEN O'CLOCK A.M., the following goods, chattels, personal property and fixtures, viz.: One Large Mirror, one Small Mirror, five Marble Washstands (compiete), five Barber Chairs, eight Oak Chatrs, one Oak Table, one Cash Register, one Clock, four Window Curtains, fifteen Toilet Bottles, five Toilet Stands, five Cups, two Spittoons, one Stove, one Boiler, one Awning, one Electric Fan, four Chandellers, complete.

WM. G. KNOX.

AUCTION SALES.

TECMAS DOWLING, AUCT., 612 E ST. N.W.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF IMPROVED PROPERTY.

NO. 1812 ELEVENTH STREET SOUTHEAST.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust, dated September 28, 1894, and duly recorded in Liber 1948,
follo 382 et seq., one of the land records of the
District of Columbia, and at the request of the
parties secured thereby, we will sell, at public anotion, in front of the premises, on MONDAY, AUGUST TWENTY-FOURTH, 1886, AT FIVE
O'CLOCK P.M., the following described property,
being set numbered twenty-three (23), of Samuel
R. Bond and Ferdinand Schmidt's (trustees) subdivision of original lot numbered line (9), in square
numbered one thousand and one (1901), and improved by a two-story brick building and frame
back building.

Terms: One-third cash, balance in one and two
years, with interest, secured by a deed of trust
upon the property, or all cash, at purchaser's
option, \$100 deposit required at time of sale. All
conveyancing and recording at purchaser's cost.
If terms of sale are not complied with in ten days
the trustees reserve the right to resell, at the
risk and cost of defaulting purchasers.

MICHAEL L. WELLER,
AUCHAEL L. WELLER,
Trustees.

THOMAS DOWLING, AUCT., 612 E ST. N.W.

TRUSTEES SALE OF IMPROVED PROPERTY,
NO. 1314 11TH STREET SOUTHEAST.
By virine of a certain deed of trust, dated Jan
uary 12, 1891, and duly recorded in Liber No. 1551,
follo 172 et seq., one of the land records of the
District of Columbia, and at the request of the
parties secured thereby, we will sell, at public
auction, in front of the premises, on MONDAY,
AUGUST TWENTY-FOUNTH, 1896, at FIVE
O'CLOCK P.M., the following described properly:
Lot numbered twenty-two (22) in Bend and Schmidt,
trustees', subdivision of original iot nine (9) in
square Lumbered ten hundred and one (1991), and
improved by a two-story brick building and frame
back building.
Terms: One-tird cash, balance in one and two back building.

Terms: One-flird cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by a deed of trust, or all cash, at purchaser's option. \$100 deposit required at time of sale. All conveyancing and recording at purchaser's cost. If terms of sale are not complied with in ten days the trustees reserve the right to resell at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser.

LAMS P. PNON.

Carriages. TOMORROW (TUESDAY) MORNING, AUGUST TWENTY-FIFTH, AT TEN OCLO-K, WILL BE SOLD, WITHIN THE BAZAAR, HORSES TO SUIT FOR ANY BUSINESS.

TOMORROW.

15 NEW AND SECOND-HAND BUGGIES, PHAE TONS, WAGONS, HARNING A ONS, WAGONS, HARNESS, &c. (SALE PEREMPTORY.) 11 S. BENSINGER, Auctioneer.

RATCLIFFE, SUTTON & CO., AUCTIONEERS. (Successors to Ratcliffe, Darr & Co.)

TRUSTIERS SALE OF A VALUABLE RUILDING
LOT ON MORGAN STREET NORTHWEST.
By virtue of a deed of trust, duly recorded in
Liber No. 1854, at folio 127 et seq., one of the
land records for the District of Columbia, and at
the request of the parties secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will offer for sale, by public
auction, in front of the premises, on TUESDAY,
TWENTY-FIFTH DAY of AUGUST, A.D. 1856, at
HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following
exercibed land and premises, situate in the city of TWENTY-FITTH DAY of AUGUST, A.D. 1886, at HALF-PAST FOUR GCLOCK P.M., the following coscribed land and premises, situate in the city of Washington. I district of Columbia, and designated as the west sixteen (16) feet front by the depth thereof of subiot ninety-one (21) of F. B. McGuire, trustee of Bessie J. Kitider, subdivision of original lots five 65 to seventeen (17), inclusive, in square five hundred and fifty-live (555), as said subdivision is recorded in the office of the surveyor of the Bistrict of Columbia, in Book 19, page 98, together with all the improvements, rights, etc.

Teams: One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, with inderest from the day of sale at 6 per cent per aumum, payable semi-armuslly, secured by deed of trust on the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the parchaser. A depisit of \$200 required at the time of sale. If the terms of sale are not compiled with infifteen days from the day of sale the trustees reserve the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting parchaser, after five days advertisement of such resale in some aewspaper published in Washington, D.C. All conveyancing and recording at the vist of the parchaser.

JOHN W. SCHAEFER, EUGENE CARUSI, Trustees.

FUTURE DAYS.

RATCLIFFE, SUTTON & CO., AUCTS., Successors to Ratcliffe, Darr & Co.

TRUSTEEN SALE OF A FRAME HOUSE, IN BARRY FARM SUBDIVISION, NEAR SHEED-DAN AVENUE.

By virtue of a deed of trust, duly recorded in Liber No. 2008, follo 228 et seq., one of the land records for the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned, trustees, will offer for sale, by public anction, in front of the premises, on FIHDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1836, AT HALF-PAST POUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described land and premises, situate in the county of Washington, District of Columbia, and designated as lot numbered six (5), in section numbered five 65), in the subdivision of Barry Farm, by Pomeroy, Evans and Howard, trustees of Barry Farm, also called St. Elizabeth, according to a plat of said subdivision on file in the office of the sur-Firm, also called St. Elizabeth, according to a plat of said subdivision on file in the office of the surveyor of said District in Liber "Levy Court" No. 2, folios one (i) and two (2), said let containing one acre of ground, more or less, together with all the improvements, rights, &c.

Terms: One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, with interest from the day of sale at six per cent per annum, secured by deed of trust on the property sold, or all easi, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of \$100 required upon acceptance of bid. If the terms of sale are not compiled with in 15 days from the day of sale the trustess reserve the right to resell the property, at

ustees reserve the right to resell the property, at he risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, after 5 days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C. All conveyancing and recording at the rost of the purchaser.

LEONARD C. BAILEY,

JOHN A. PIERRE.

RATCLIFFE SUTTON & CO., AUCTIONEERS, (Successors to Ratcliffe, Darr & Co.)

TRUSTEES SALE OF FRAME HOUSE ON KEN-DALL. STREET BETWEEN GALLAUDET STREET AND CAPITOL AVENUE, BY CITY, D. C.

STREET AND CAPITOL AVENUE, IVY CITY, D. C.
By virtue of a deed of trust duly recorded in Liber No. 2047, foite 12a et seq., one of the land records for the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will offer for sale by public ancion, in front of the premises, ON THURSDAY, THIRD DAY OF SEPTEMBEE, A.D. 1896, AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described hand and premises, situated in the country of Washington District of Columbia, and d signated as lot nine (b), in block five (5), in Ivy City, according to the recorded subdivision thereof in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia, together with all the improvements, rights, &c.

Terms: One-Laird cash, the balance in one and two years, with latenest at six per cent per annum, secured by deed of trust on the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of \$100 required on acceptance of bid. If the terms of sale are not compiled with in fifteen days from the day of sale the trustees reserve the tight to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting parchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C. All conveyancing and recording at the cost of the purchaser.

LEONARD C. BAHLEY,
JOHN A. PIERRE,

RATCLIFFE, SUTTON & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

Special and Peremptory Sale of the Entire Contents "Hillman House," 226 North Capitol St.

OFFICE FURNITURE, PIANO, ETC., to take place by public auction on the premise ON TUFSDAY, SEPTEMBER FIRST, 1836, COMMENCING AT TEN O'CLOCK A.M.

celled.
TERMS CASH.
au22-d&dbs RATCLIFFE, SUTTON & CO., Aucts.

DUNCANSON BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

DUNCANSON BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE ON THIRD STREET BETWEEN MARYLAND AVENUE AND C STREET NORTHEAST, CORNER MARYLAND AVENUE AND THIRD STREET NORTHEAST. CORNER MARYLAND AVENUE AND THIRD STREETS NORTHEAST.

Under and by authority of a decree of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, passed on the 6th day of August, 1896, in equity cause of Elizabeth Morrison and others against William A. Hamalton and others, and known as No. 17.422 og the docket of said court, we, the undersigned trustees, will sell at public auction in front of the premises, ON THURSDAY, THE TWENTY SEV. EXTH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1886, AT FIVE O'CLOCK P.M., the foliowing described real estate in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, to wit: Subdivision lots are recorded in Book 10, folio 103, and Book 11, folio 89, respectively, of the surveyor's office of said District, together with the improvements thereon. The said subdivision lots are to be sold subject to two deeds of trust thereon amounting to \$11,500.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by said decree, are as follows: One-third cash and the balance in equal payments to be represented by the purchaser's notes, dated the day of sale, bearing interest, payable semi-annually at the rate of 6 per cent and secured by deed of trust on the property sold, or all cash at the purchaser's option. A deposit of \$290 required on each percel or lot at time of sale. Terms of sale to be complied with in ten days, and the trustees, in the event of noncompliance, may resell the property at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser after five days previous notice All conveyancing and recording at purchaser's cost.

CHAS, MAURICE SMITH,

purchaser's cost.

CHAS. MAURICE SMITH,

No. 456 La. ave. n.w.,

JOHN RIDOUT,
au17-d&ds No. 344 D st. n.w.,